

consisted first. A standard curve for the turbidity model in pure water, and the second, a significant turbidity factor at multiple regressions was the cell particles and time interval of multiplied cells in the medium.

Saccharomyces cerevisiae cell was considered a suspended particle in purified water or cell growth medium. The only one cell particle in purified water contributes to the additional light scattering $(1.433 - 1.507) \cdot 10^{-5}$ NTU, whereas the population of growing cells in the medium is $(1.171 - 1.201) \cdot 10^{-5}$ NTU. The time of cell population growth, which every hour contributes to an additional value of $(3.27 - 4.974)$ NTU. Moreover, random bivariate data in each data set is considered reproducible and required bivariate transformation suitable with the count of particles.

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